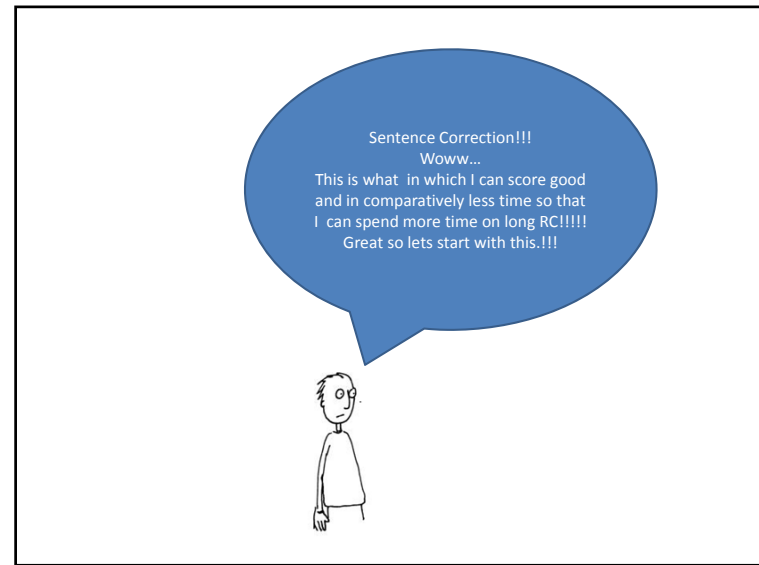
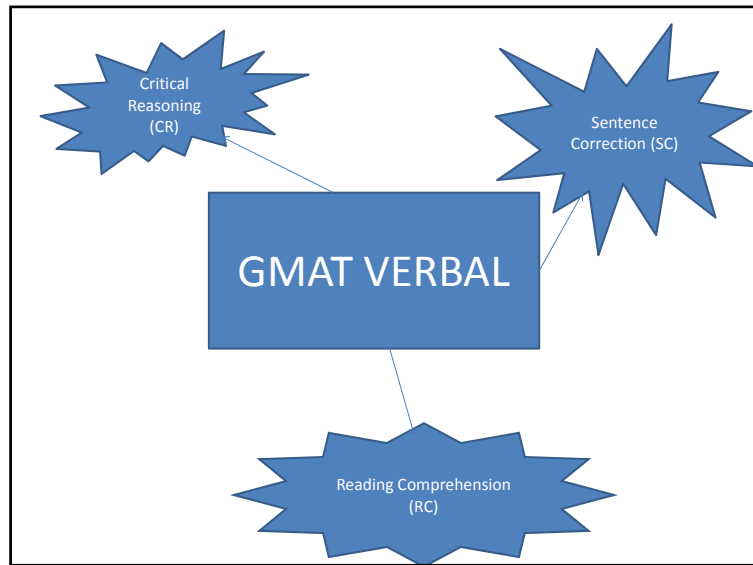
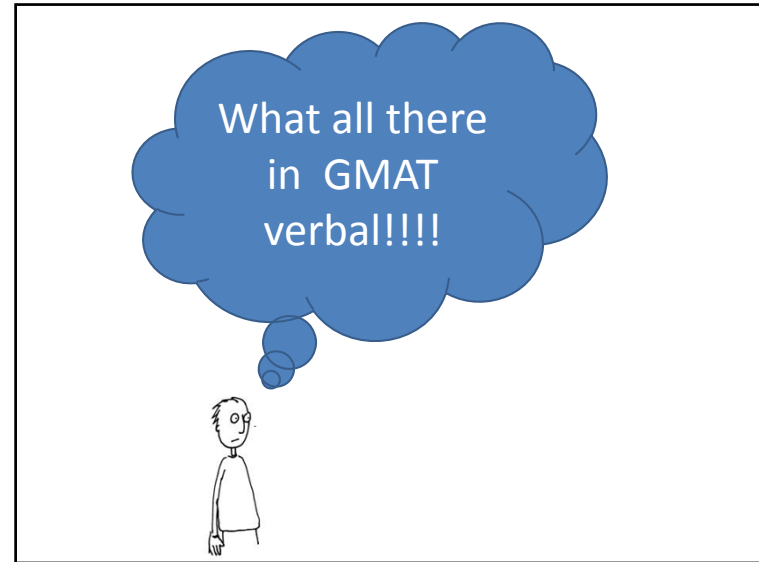
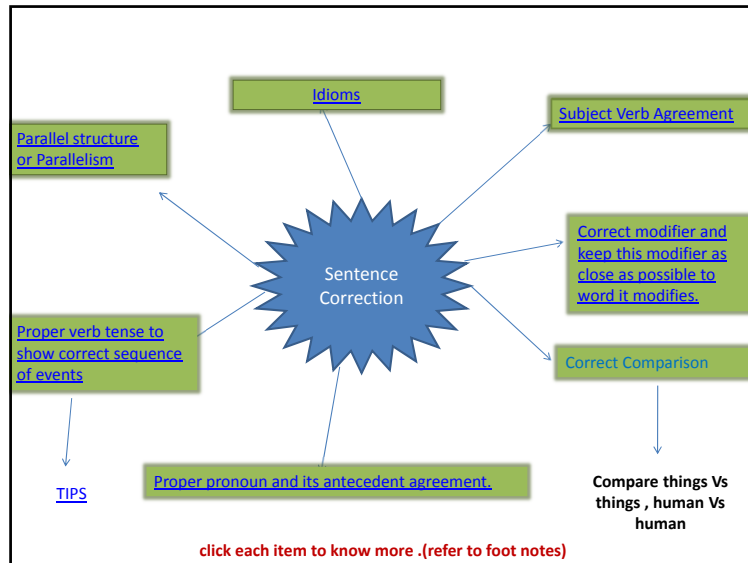


GMAT VERBAL FLASH CARDS

One of the easy way to remember all the stuff at a single place!!





Subject Verb Agreement

- Verbs must agree with their subjects. Singular subjects have singular verbs and plural subjects have plural verbs.

example :

Harsh and Samantha goes to the garden.

here the subject is harsh and Samantha..so verb should be corresponding to the plural subject
So the right sentence should be

Harsh and Samantha go to the garden.

Continue.....

- 1) In subjects having **or/nor constructions**, the **verb should be always in the agreement of what is nearer to verb.**

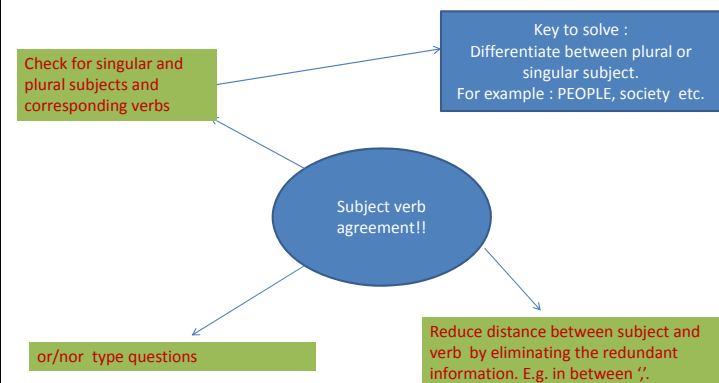
(or/nor construction means ..either/or and neither/nor)

Example : Neither Jack nor his sister **is** playing.
Here 'his sister' is nearer to verb playing..so 'is' should be there instead of 'are'.

- 2) In GMAT subject verb agreement questions , subject and verb tends to be placed as far as possible so as to make it difficult to find actually subject.

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Map to remember for Subject-Verb agreement.



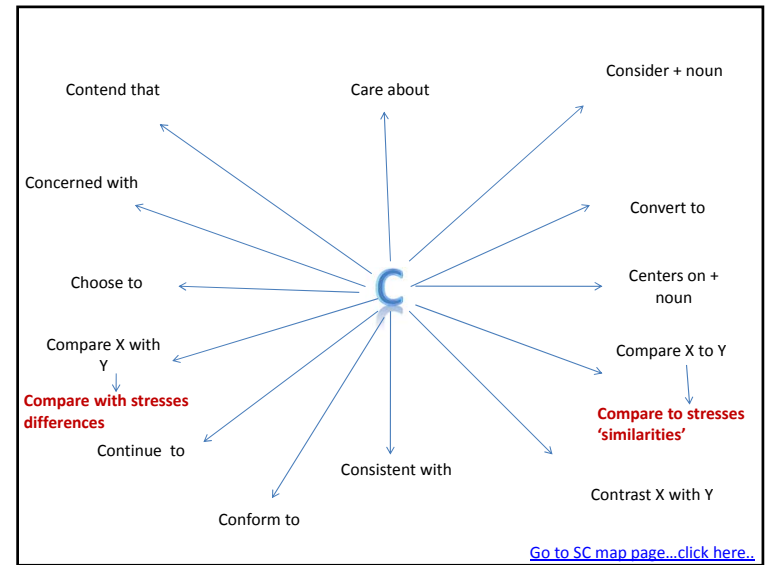
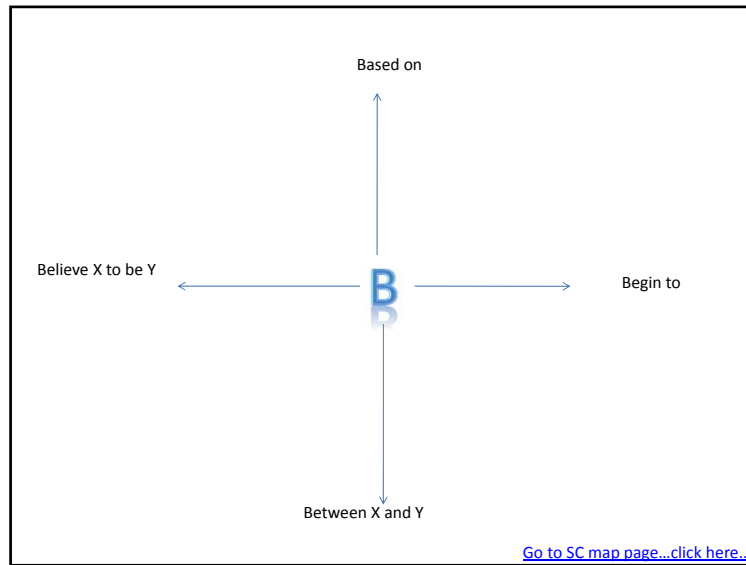
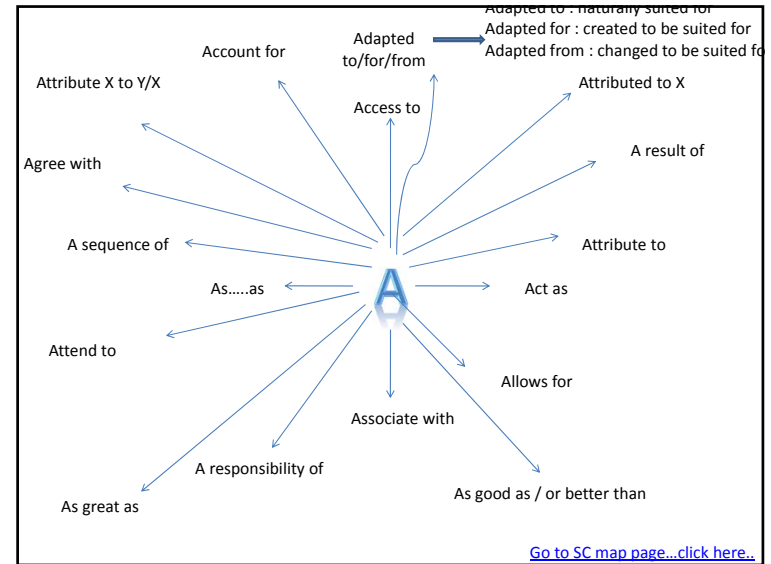
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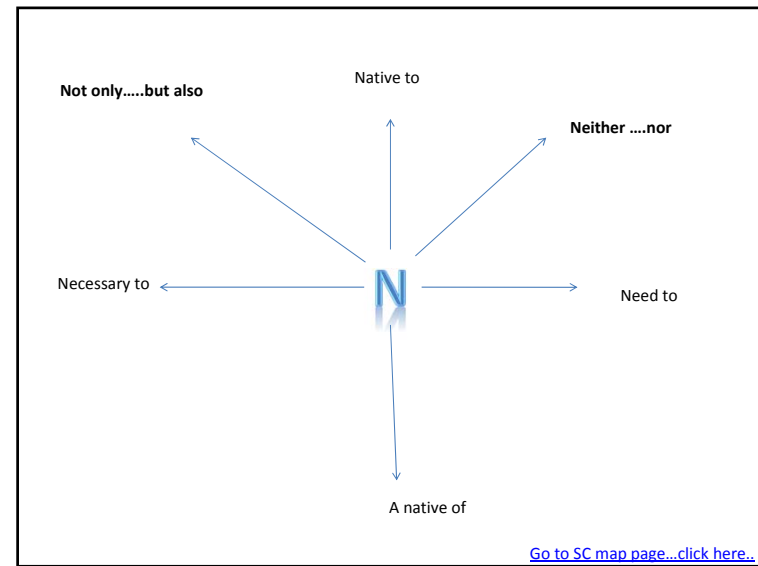
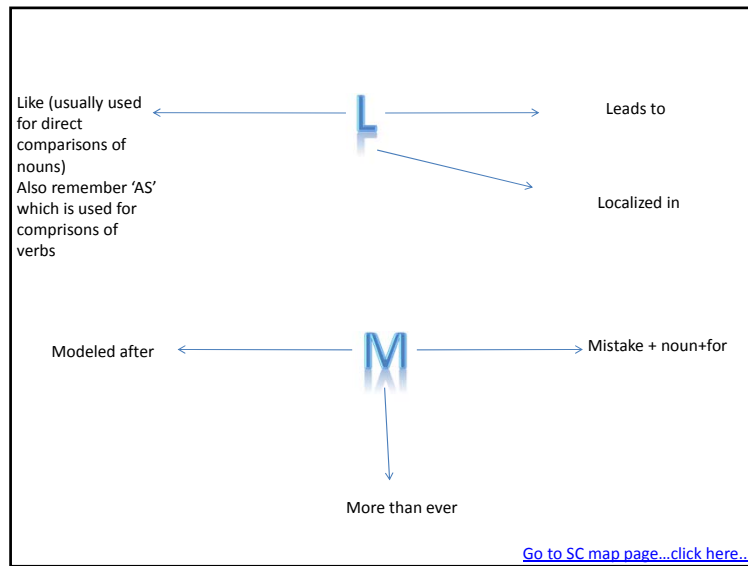
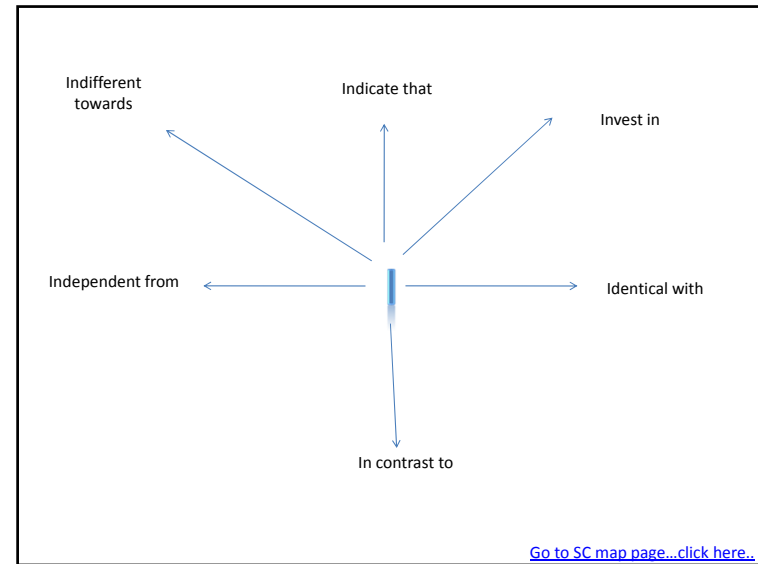
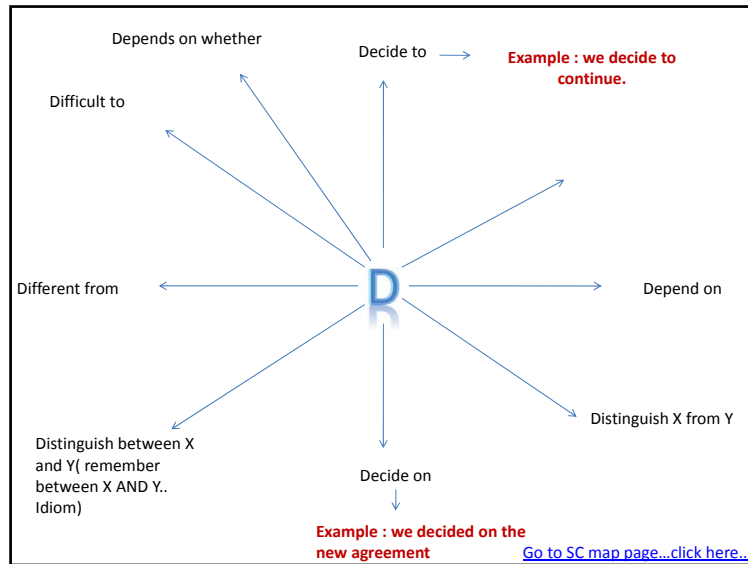
Idioms :

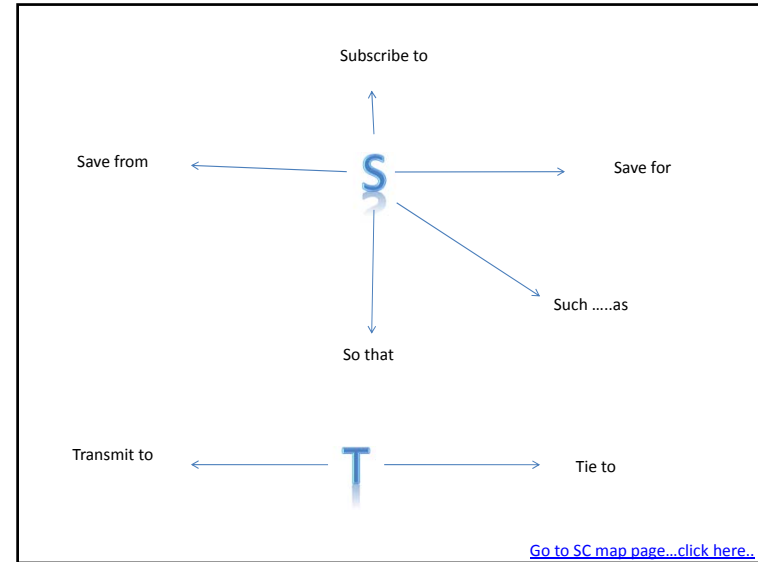
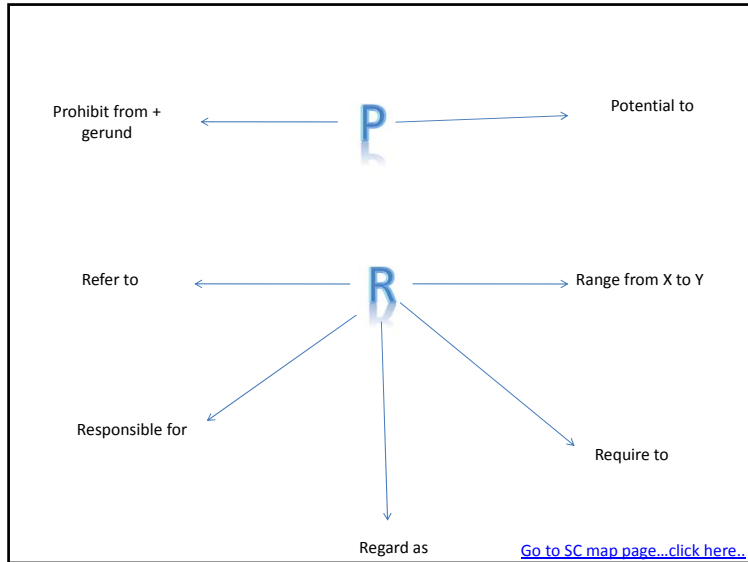
idioms are something which we have to learn by heart , so lets memorize it in a great way !!

P.S : I have added idioms an many as I can collect but please remember that there are infinite number of idioms . So always try to find more new idioms and add here in this list .

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Some confusing and similar words

Words	Corresponding meanings
Accept/ expect	To agree to /to object to
Affect/effect	To influence (a verb) / a result(a noun)
All ready / already	Everything is ready/earlier
A lot/ a lot	A lot is nonstandard , a lot is correct form.
Among/between	Refer to more than two things/ refer to two things exactly
Being that / since	Being that is a nonstandard and should be replaced by since.
Beside/besides	Next to / in addition
Center on / center around	Center around is colloquial and should not be used in formal writing
	Continue...

Words	Corresponding meanings
Correspond to / correspond with	In agreement with/ to exchange letters
Farther/ further	Referring distance/ referring to degree.
Fewer / less	Referring to number of items/referring to continuous quantity
One another/ each other	Referring to more than two things/ referring to two things.
Regard/regards	Unless you should giving best wishes to some one , you should use regard
Whether /if	Introduce choice / introduce condition

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Parallel Construction

- A signal that you may have a parallel construction error is a group of phrases set off by commas(,). Spot this error by 1) finding a list series of actions, lists, sentences divided into parts 2)make sure that each list item has similar structure (not even one part of the list is distinct from the others in terms of grammatical construction or length.

Verb Tense

- A sentence that begins in one tense should generally stay in that tense.
- Often related to parallel construction questions.
- **Exception** : Past perfect . An action set in past perfect must have another action that comes after it in simple past.

Misplaced modifiers

- Modifiers should be as close as possible to the words of clause they modify . Example : **INCORRECT** –Samantha rarely sparked interest in men , though not a plain girl .
- **Correct** : Samantha , though not a plain girl , rarely sparked interest in men.

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Tips for verb tense

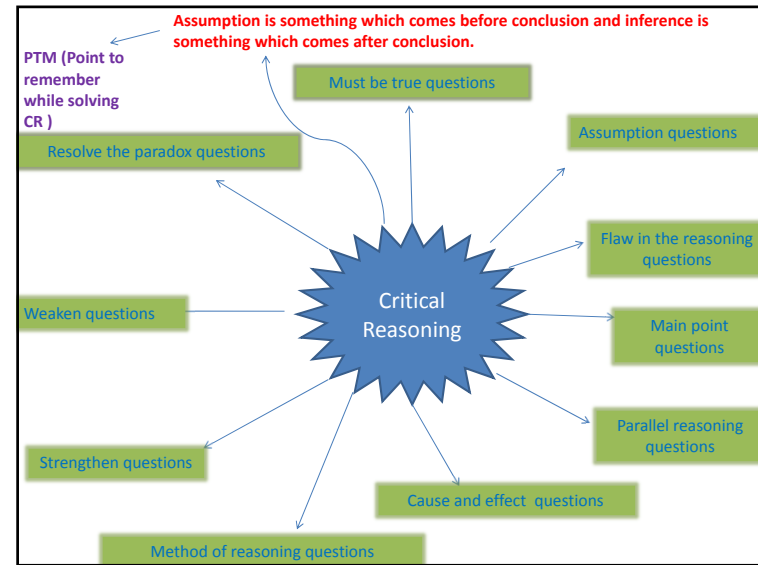
- Make sure that verb tense should properly reflects the sequence of events
- Use present perfect to emphasize continuing nature of an action or that two or more actions are occurring simultaneously.
- Avoid passive voice.

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Pronoun Errors and tips

1. Ambiguous pronoun reference.
example : Ram and Sham went to the soccer match , but he said that he liked baseball better.
TIP : when you see pronoun , especially "it" or "they" immediately check the antecedent.
2. Also pronoun for singular or plural subject should be corresponding to it's antecedent.

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TIP : in CR questions , always use POE (process of elimination) method to get the right answer and most importantly check every option very carefully (don't skip any option without testing it ... not even a single one)

Steps to eliminate wrong choices while solving a CR question:

- Eliminate extreme choices. Options having the words 'only', ' the most' are generally the wrong options .
- Then from the remaining options , eliminate out of scope choices.
- After this try to eliminate illogical options , which are not logically correct as per the premise given in the question stem.
- Eliminate options containing explicit information.

Argument = Premise + conclusion

Some premise indicators

Since
Because
For
For example
For the reason that
In that
Given that
Due to
Owing to
As indicated by
We know this by
This can be seen from

Conclusion indicators

Thus
Therefore
Hence
So
As a result of
Consequently
Accordingly
Clearly
Must be that
Shows that
Conclude that
Follows that
For this reason

Some direction change words

Although, though, even though
But
Despite, in spite of
Except
However
Nevertheless
Unless
While

