# Algebra (Hard)



- If each expression under the square root is greater than or equal to 0, what is $\sqrt{x^2-6x+9}+\sqrt{2-x}+x-3$?
  - $\sqrt{2-x}$
  - $2x-6+\sqrt{2-x}$
  - $\sqrt{2-x}+x-3$
  - $2x-6+\sqrt{x-2}$
  - $x+\sqrt{x-2}$

# Algebra | Answers



- Based on the setup (and Math principles tested on the GMAT), $(2-x)$ has to be $\geq 0$. Therefore $x \leq 2$.
- $\sqrt{x^2-6x+9} = \sqrt{(x-3)^2} = 3-x$
- Because $x \leq 2$, $x-3<0$
- Therefore: $3-x+\sqrt{2-x}+x-3 = \sqrt{2-x}$
- **The correct answer is A**