

Note#1

It should be noted that a known exception in this category of modifiers (*present participial* phrase is preceded by a comma) is *including*. For example following sentence is correct:

The winners of US open grand slam comprise many Argentinean tennis players, including Juan Martín del Potro and Gabriela Sabatini.

In this sentence, although the *present participial* phrase *including Juan Martín del Potro and Gabriela Sabatini* is preceded by a comma, this *present participial* phrase does not modify *winners of US open grand slam*, the subject of the preceding clause. As mentioned above, *including* is an exception, and modifies *Argentinean tennis players*; in other words, *Argentinean tennis players* include *Juan Martín del Potro and Gabriela Sabatini*.

To summarize, *including* can modify the *Noun* or *Noun-Phrase* (whichever makes sense) immediately before the participle *including*.